**DOCKET NO.:** ISIS-1158 **Application No.:** 08/319,411

Office Action Dated: January 22, 2004

This listing of claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application.

## **Listing of Claims:**

- 1-52 (canceled)
- 53. (currently amended) A peptide nucleic acid conjugate of the formula:

$$\begin{bmatrix} L_{m} \\ A_{m} \\ C_{m} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} C_{m} \\ C_{m} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} C_{m} \\ C_{m} \end{bmatrix} \begin{bmatrix} C_{m} \\ C_{m} \end{bmatrix}$$

wherein:

m is an integer from 1 to about 50;

L and L<sub>m</sub> independently are <u>naturally occurring nucleobases</u>  $R^{12}(R^{13})_a$  wherein:

R<sup>12</sup> is hydrogen, hydroxy, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkanoyl, a naturally occurring nucleobase, a nonnaturally occurring nucleobase, an aromatic moiety, a DNA intercalator, a nucleobasebinding group, a heterocyclic moiety, a reporter ligand, or a conjugate;

provided that at least one of R<sup>12</sup> is a naturally occurring nucleobase, a non-naturally occurring nucleobase, or a nucleobase binding group;

provided at least one R<sup>12</sup> and R<sup>13</sup> is a conjugate; and

-----a is 0 or 1:

C and C<sub>m</sub> independently are (CR<sup>6</sup>R<sup>7</sup>)<sub>y</sub>; wherein:

R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>7</sup> independently are hydrogen, a side chain of a naturally occurring alpha amino acid, (C<sub>2</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>) alkyl, aryl, aralkyl, heteroaryl, hydroxy, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>) alkoxy, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>6</sub>) alkylthio, a conjugate, NR<sup>3</sup>R<sup>4</sup>, SR<sup>5</sup> or R<sup>6</sup> and R<sup>2</sup> taken together complete an alicyclic or heterocyclic system;

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wherein  $R^5$  is hydrogen, a conjugate,  $(C_4-C_6)$ alkyl, hydroxy, alkoxy, or alkylthiosubstituted  $(C_4-C_6)$ alkyl; and

R<sup>3</sup> and R<sup>4</sup> independently are is hydrogen, a conjugate, (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl, hydroxy or alkylthio substituted (C<sub>1</sub>-C<sub>4</sub>)alkyl, hydroxy, alkoxy, alkylthio or amino;

D and D<sub>m</sub> independently are (CR<sup>6</sup>R<sup>7</sup>)<sub>z</sub>;

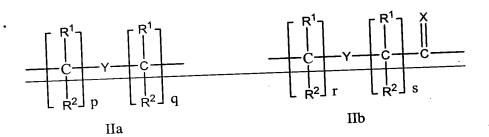
y is 1 and z is 2; each of y and z is zero or an integer from 1 to 10, wherein the sum y + z is greater than 2 but not more than 10;

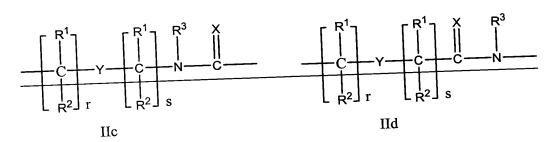
 $G_m$  is independently -NR $^3$ CO , NR $^3$ CS , NR $^3$ SO , or -NR $^3$ SO $_2$ - in either orientation;

each pair of A-A<sub>m</sub> and B-B<sub>m</sub> are  $\geq$ N-C(O)-CH<sub>2</sub>- selected such that:

————(a)—A or A<sub>m</sub> is a group of formula (IIa), (IIb) or (IIc) and B or B<sub>m</sub> is N or R<sup>3</sup>N+; or

——(b) A or A<sub>m</sub> is a group of formula (Hd) and B or B<sub>m</sub> is CH;





where:

X is O, S, Se, NR<sup>3</sup>, CH<sub>2</sub> or C(CH<sub>3</sub>)<sub>2</sub>;

Y is a single bond, O, S or NR<sup>4</sup>;

each of p and q is zero or an integer from 1 to 5;

each of r and s is zero or an integer from 1 to 5;

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—— $R^+$  and  $R^2$  independently are hydrogen, ( $C_1$ - $C_4$ )alkyl, hydroxy substituted ( $C_1$ - $C_4$ )alkyl, alkoxy substituted ( $C_1$ - $C_4$ )alkyl, alkylthio-substituted ( $C_1$ - $C_4$ )alkyl, hydroxy, alkylthio, amino, halogen or a conjugate;

I is  $-NR^8R^9$  or  $-NR^{10}C(O)R^{11}$ ; wherein:

R<sup>8</sup>, R<sup>9</sup>, R<sup>10</sup> and R<sup>11</sup> independently are hydrogen, alkyl, an amino protecting group, a reporter ligand, an intercalator, a chelator, a peptide, a protein, a carbohydrate, a lipid, a steroid, a nucleoside, a nucleotide, a nucleotide diphosphate, a nucleotide triphosphate, an oligonucleotide, an oligonucleoside, a soluble polymer, a non-soluble polymer or a conjugate, a reporter enzyme, a reporter molecule, a terpene, a phospholipid, a cell receptor binding molecule, a water soluble vitamin, a lipid soluble vitamin, an RNA/DNA cleaving complex, a porphyrin, or a polymeric compound selected from polymeric amines, polymeric glycols and polyethers; and Q is -CO<sub>2</sub>H, -CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>8</sup>, -CO<sub>2</sub>R<sup>9</sup>, -CONR<sup>8</sup>R<sup>9</sup>. , SO<sub>2</sub>H, SO<sub>2</sub>NR<sup>10</sup>R<sup>11</sup> or an activated

derivative of -CO<sub>2</sub>H or -SO<sub>3</sub>H; and

wherein:

binding molecule, a water soluble vitamin, a lipid soluble vitamin, a porphyrin, or an alkylator; or

—at least one of A, A<sub>m</sub>, L, and L<sub>m</sub> comprises a conjugate selected from a reporter enzyme, a reporter molecule, a steroid, a carbohydrate, a terpene, a peptide, a protein, a phospholipid, a cell receptor binding molecule, a water soluble vitamin, a lipid soluble vitamin, an RNA/DNA cleaving complex, a metal chelator, a porphyrin, or a polymeric compound selected from polymeric amines, polymeric glycols and polyethers;

—wherein said conjugate optionally includes a linking moiety.

54-62 (canceled)

63. (new). The peptide nucleic acid of claim 53 wherein R<sup>8</sup>, R<sup>9</sup>, R<sup>10</sup> and R<sup>11</sup> independently are hydrogen, alkyl, a peptide, a protein, a carbohydrate, a nucleoside, a

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nucleotide, a nucleotide diphosphate, a nucleotide triphosphate, an oligonucleotide, or an oligonucleoside.

64. (new). The peptide nucleic acid of claim 53 wherein R<sup>8</sup>, R<sup>9</sup>, R<sup>10</sup> and R<sup>11</sup> independently are a nucleoside, a nucleotide, an oligonucleotide, or an oligonucleoside.